# **CLASS II**

# TERM II 2023-2024

# **MATHEMATICS**

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1.	Write	in words:-

a) 183

b) 279

c) 432 \_\_\_\_\_

d) 307

e) 264 \_\_\_\_\_

f) 400

g) 325

h) 312 \_\_\_\_\_

# 2. Write in numerals:-

a) One hundred fourteen

b) Four hundred forty

c) Seven hundred eighty three

d) Two hundred five

e) Seven hundred Seventy

f) Six hundred twenty six

g) Five hundred fifty five

h) Three hundred fifteen

.

3

Remarks\_

# **RIVISION**

Date		
Dane _		

\_T. Sign

# Ordinal Numbers (1-20)

1.	Write the ordinal numbers :-	
1.		11
2.		12
3.		13
4.		14
5.	<u> </u>	15
6.		16
7.		17
8.		18
		19
10.		20
2.	Fill in the blanks:-	
1.	L is the	letter in the word PLAYER.
2.	M is the	letter in the word DECEMBER.
3.	C Is the	letter in the word CHILDREN.
4.	E is the	_ letter in the word INTERNATIONAL.
5.	S is the	letter in the word TOYS.
6.	B is the	letter in the word REPUBLIC.

Page - 3

RIVISION

Date\_\_\_\_

Addition

нто

9 1 3

+ 68

н т о

2 3 4

+ 1 3 9

H T O

7 0 3

+ 1 6 9

нто

4 8 0

+ 4 1 0

H T O

5 2 1

+ 2 4 5

H T O

6 2 5

+ 1 7 3

### Subtraction

T O

7 8

- 24

ТО

5 0

- 3 0

T O

. .

9 7

- 4 3

нто

9 4 8

- 5 1 3

н т о

4 0 6

- 1 0 2

H T O

8 6 7

- 2 5 4

# 1. Fill in the boxes

# 2. Find the product

## 3. Fill in the blanks

# 4. Multiply the following (Solve mentally)

6 42  $42 (7 \times 6 = 42)$ 

Quotient =

Quotient =

$$36 \div 6$$

Quotient =

Quotient =

$$48 \div 8$$

Quotient =

$$56 \div 7$$

Quotient =

$$35 \div 7$$

Quotient =

$$36 \div 4$$

Quotient =

Quotient =

# 4. Fill the missing numbers

f) 
$$= \div 2 = 6$$

# 5. Divide the following by long division:

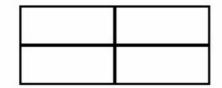
\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_

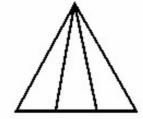
\_\_\_\_

~

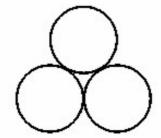
# 1. Colour the figures to show the fraction



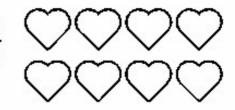
b)



c)  $\frac{1}{3}$ 



d)  $\frac{2}{5}$ 



# 2. Write in Words

a) 
$$\frac{4}{7} =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

b) 
$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 = \_\_\_\_\_\_

c) 
$$\frac{7}{9}$$
 = \_\_\_\_\_

d) 
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 = \_\_\_\_\_\_

e) 
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 = \_\_\_\_\_\_

f) 
$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. Identify the numerator and denominator in fraction.

**Numerator** 

\_

\_\_\_\_

**Denominator** 

**b**)  $\frac{7}{9}$ 

a)

C)

.

d)  $\frac{9}{10}$ 

4. Write the fraction, if denominator and numerator are given

a) 4

**Numerator** 

9

Fraction

b) 5

8

**Denominator** 

c) 2

3

\*1

d)

7

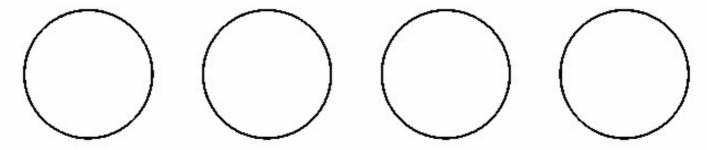
2

#### **Numerator and Denominator**

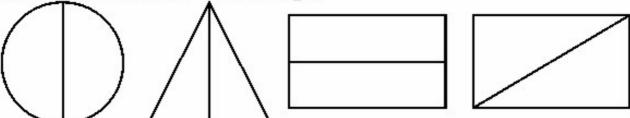
In a fraction, number above line is called **numerator** and the number below the line is called **denominator**. Thus  $\frac{5}{6}$  5 is numerator and 6 is denominator. In  $\frac{4}{5}$ , 4 is numerator and 5 is denominator.

## Exercise 1

1. Colour 1 whole with different colours:



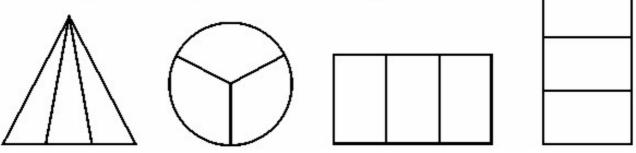
2. Colour half of the following:



3. Colour (quarter) of the following:



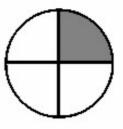
4. Colour (One-third) of the following:



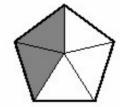
# 5. Match the following

- 1.  $\frac{3}{4}$
- 2.  $\frac{2}{5}$
- 3. <del>1</del>
- 4.  $\frac{3}{4}$





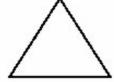


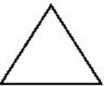


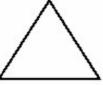
# Exercise 2

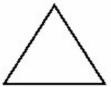
# 1. Colour to show the given fraction:

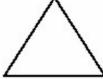
1. ± 5











2.  $\frac{3}{7}$ 

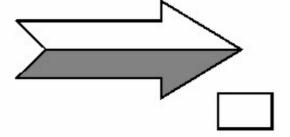




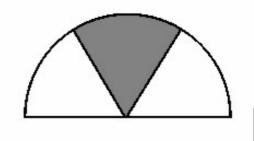


# 4. Write fraction of the shaded part

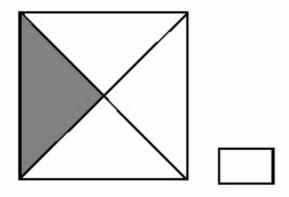
1)



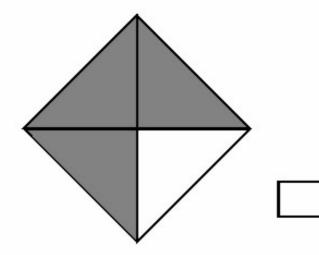
2)



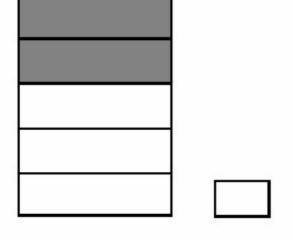
3)



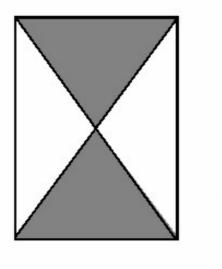
4)



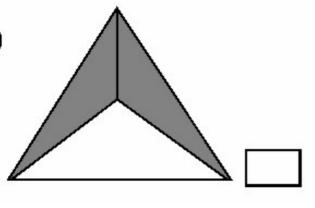
5)



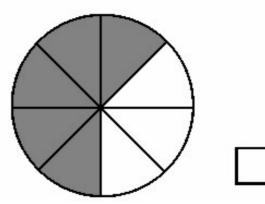
6)



7)

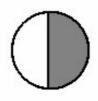


8)



5. Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the figures that show  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

a)



b)

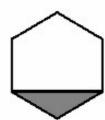


c)

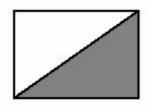


7

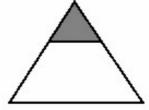
d)



e)

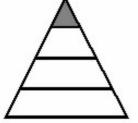


f)

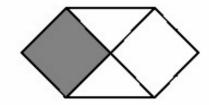


6. Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the figures that show  $\frac{1}{4}$ 

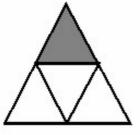
a)



b)

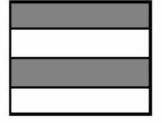


c)

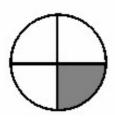


20

d)

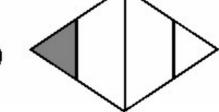


e)



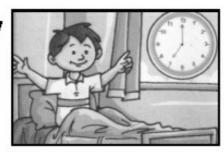
31

f)



		٦	
		-1	
		-1	
		- 1	

My Day



I get up at o' clock.



I take bath at o' clock.



I take bus at o' clock.



I eat tiffin at In the school.



I return from school at o' clock



I do my homework at o' clock

Draw the hour hands on the given clock faces.

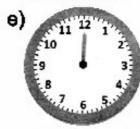




7 O'Clock



10 O'Clock



12 O'Clock



6 O'Clock



9 O'Clock

Draw hands of the clock to show the correct time:



OF 12 o' clock.



12:15 or Quater past 12



or half past 12



12:45 or quater to 1 Do you remember the seven days of the week? Write their names.

1st days of the week

M

T

W

4th days of the week

T

F

S

7th days of the week

S

Which day is always a holiday?

#### FIII in the blanks

- Our school remains closed on every \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- The day before Thursday is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. The first day of the week is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. The day after wednesday is .
- 5. The day after Friday is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 6. 2 days after Monday is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 7. 7 days after Saturday is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Today, Yesterday and Tomorrow

The day at present or this very day is called TODAY.

The day before today is called YESTERDAY.

The day after today is called TOMORROW.

_			
	-	_	14
144		-	10

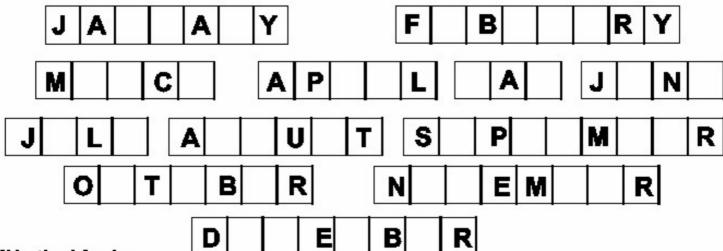
#### Facts about the months of the year

- A leap year comes after every 4 years.
- A fortnight has 2 weeks, a month has 4 weeks and a year has 52 weeks
- A year is divided into four major seasons.

They are summer, winter, autumn and spring

#### **EXERCISE**

1. Complete the names of the months of the year.



#### FIII in the blanks

- There are \_\_\_\_\_ months in a year having 31 days each.
- There are \_\_\_\_\_\_ months in a year having 30 days each.
- 3. February has \_\_\_\_\_\_days.
- 4. There are \_\_\_\_\_\_days in a leap Year.
- 5. 1 fortnight = \_\_\_\_\_ weeks.
- 6. I month = \_\_\_\_\_ weeks.
- 7. 1 year = \_\_\_\_\_weeks
- Which month comes before July \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 9. Ayear is divided into \_\_\_\_\_\_ major seasons.
- Aleap year comes after every \_\_\_\_\_\_ years.
- Which month comes after August \_\_\_\_\_\_.

# Draw the hour hand of each clock as per the time given below.

a) 1:00 b) 2:00

c) 6:00 d) 11:00

Match the clocks that show the same time.

a)



3:00 i)

b)



ii)

1:00

c)



iii)

10:00

d)



iv) 5:00



9:00

# Match the time in words and figures.

- 3:15
- 10 o'clock
- b. 4:00

half past time

- 5:30
- quarter past three
- d. 10:45
- half past five

- 9:30
- 4 o'clock
- 10:00 f.
- quarter to three
- g. 2:45
- quarter to eleven

# 2. Read the time in the clocks and write it in both words and figures.

a.





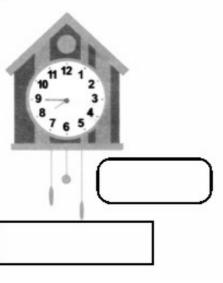
Remember:

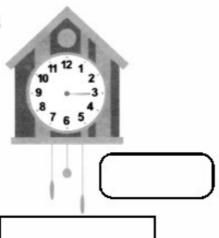
15 minutes

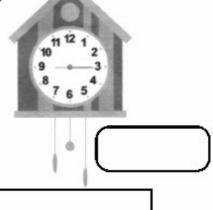
Quarter means



d.







A. i) We measure Length in \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

ii) Largest unit of Length is \_\_\_\_\_.

Smallest unit of Length is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

iv) Short form

a) Metre = \_\_\_\_\_ b) Centimetre = \_\_\_\_

c) Kilometre = \_\_\_\_\_

d) Millimetre=\_\_\_\_

v) 1m=\_\_\_\_cm

1km= m

Measurement of weight B.

1) We measure weight in \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_

Largest unit of weight is =\_\_\_\_\_ 2)

Smallest unit of weight is =\_\_\_\_\_ 3)

4) Short Form

a) Kilogram =\_\_\_\_ b) gram =\_\_\_\_

5) 1 Kilogram = \_\_\_\_grams

Add the following: 2.

a) Add: 312 g and 127 g

> 3 1 2 g + 127

b) Add: 250 g and 115 g

2 5 0 g + 1 1 5 g

C) Add: 843 g and 612 g

8 4 3 a

6 1 2 g

g

d) Add: 272 g and 612 g

272 a

+ 6 1 2 g

e) Add: 443 Kg and 229 Kg

f) Add: 37 Kg and 29 Kg

g) Add: 4 Kg and 246 g and 3 KG and 620 g

+	3	620
	4	246
	Kg	g

h) Add : 7 Kg and 539 g and 6 Kg and 408 g

	Kg	g			
	7	539			
+ 6 408					

l) Add: 2 Kg and 239 g and 3 KG and 150 g

	Kg	g
	2	239
+	3	150

J) Add: 5 Kg and 228 g and 4 Kg and 371 g

	Kg	g
	5	28
+	4	71

3. Subtraction Sums

c) 8 2 3 g - 5 1 0 g g d) 7 8 9 g - 6 7 8 g g e) 5 6 8 Kg

Kg 4 0 2 Kg f) 6 Kg 8 7

> 3 2 Κg Kg

g)

Κg g 689 7 408 6

h)

Κg g 417 6 3 203

i)

Kg g 549 8 3 125 j)

Κg g 898 536

What will you use to measure the weight of the following 4. (gram or Kllogram):-

a)



b)



C)



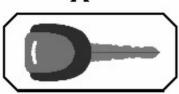
d)



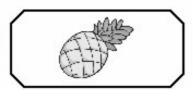
# 5. Circle the Correct Answer:

A

a)



b)



c)





e)



f)



g)



h)



В

g/kg

g/kg

g/kg

g/kg

g/kg

g/kg

g/kg

g/kg

g/kg



C. Measurement of Capacity

1) We measure Capacity in \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_

2) Largest unit of Capacity is =\_\_\_\_\_

3) Smallest unit of Capacity is = \_\_\_\_\_

4) Short Form

a) Litre =\_\_\_\_\_

b) Millilitre =\_\_\_\_\_

5) 4L =\_\_\_\_\_m

l) 5L =\_\_\_\_\_ml

ii) 4L =\_\_\_\_\_ml
= ml

III) 3L =\_\_\_\_\_ml

## **Data Handling**

3. Study the table carefully. Then fill in the blanks.
Number of birthdays occuring in the particular month are given below

Month			Number of Students					
January	R	R						
February	R	R	R					
March	R	R	R	A.	A.	A		
April		R		R				
May	R	R	R	R		R		
June	R	R	R	A.	A.		R	
July	R	R	R					
August	R	R	A	R	R	A		
September	R	R	R	R				
October	R	R	R	R	R			
November	R	A.	R	R	R			
December	R	A.	R					
1. How ma	ny stud	dents a	re there	in the o	class?		-	
2. Which n	nonth h	as max	dimum ı	number	of birth	days?		
3. Which n	3. Which month has no birthday?							
4. How ma	ıny moi	nths ha	ve 5 bir	thdays	?		27	
5. In which				2011 - 101 - 101 101 <del>- 1</del> -201-0		days?		

Following table shows the different marks of class 2 students.
 Observe the table and answer the following questions.

Name of Students	Marks
Kriti Sharma	76
Vrinda Datta	82
Sameer Mehta	53
Rajan Bhandari	72
Jasmeen Kaur	76

Answer the following:

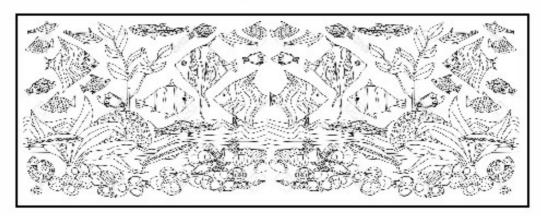
- a) Who got the highest marks?
- b) Who got the lowest marks?
- c) Which two students got same marks?
- d) What is the difference between the highest and the lowest marks?

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## **Data Handling**

#### Date \_\_\_\_

# Kunal has a beautiful fish aquaRIUM



## Count and make a list of the number of fishes of each size.

FISH	Number
Small	
Blg	
Long	

# Read the list carefully and fill in the blanks.

- 1. There are \_\_\_\_\_ types of fishes in the aquarium.
- 2. There are \_\_\_\_\_ fish of small size and \_\_\_\_\_ fish of big size.
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ fishes are the most in number.
- 4. Long fishes are \_\_\_\_\_ in number.
- 5. There are \_\_\_\_\_ fishes in total.

# **Data Handling**

2. In your class all children are wearing Shoes.

Each one has a different shoe size. Now read the following table.

Shoe Size	Number of Children
12	10
1	14
2	03

a)	How many children have 2 as the shoe size?

b)	Which shoe size is most common?	
----	---------------------------------	--

A shopkeeper sells various flavours if ice-cream on a day. Read the table carefully and answer the questions.

Flavour	Number of ice-cream cones
Strawberry	38
Vanilla	25
Chocolate	43
Mango	20

a)	Which flavour is most popular ?	
u,	Trinor natour is most popular :	

b) I lott illulij poopio ilito oudirbolij ilutoul i	b)	How many people	like strawberr	y flavour ?	
---	----	-----------------	----------------	-------------	--

Remarks

Fractions with same denominator are called \_\_\_\_\_\_ fractions. 1.

3 m = \_\_\_\_\_ cm 2.

Weight of 1 mango = 500 \_\_\_\_\_ 3.

To measure large quantities of liquid, we use 4.

ml or l A bucket full of water 5.

The notes and coins we use are called.\_\_\_\_\_ 6.

Whose picture is imprinted on the Indian currency. 7.

How many ₹ 10 notes are there in ₹ 100 ? \_\_\_\_\_ 8.

20 rupees = 5 rupee notes. 9.

How much is 3 times 4?\_\_\_\_\_ 10.

Division means sharing equally. 11.

is defined as the measurement or distance of 12.

something from one end to the other.

Standard unit of measurement of weight is \_\_\_\_\_ 13.

1.

2.

3.

4.	If O is subtracted from a number, the difference is the number

5.

6.

7.

One horse has 4 legs How many legs do 2 horses

have ?\_\_\_\_

8.

9.

The largest 4 - digit number is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

10.

The number of lines in	<b>         </b>	
The number of lines in t	LX US	2

11.

Fractions with the same numerator are called \_\_\_\_\_\_ fractions.

12.

The line that separates the numerator and denominator is

called \_\_\_\_\_\_.